



# Integrating Research & Research Infrastructures into Teaching

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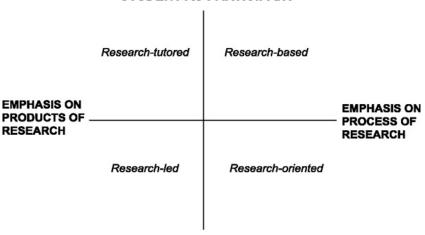
## Overview

Research-Based Teaching: Guidelines and Best Practices

Integrating Research Infrastructures into Teaching: The Case of CLARIN

# What is research-based teaching?

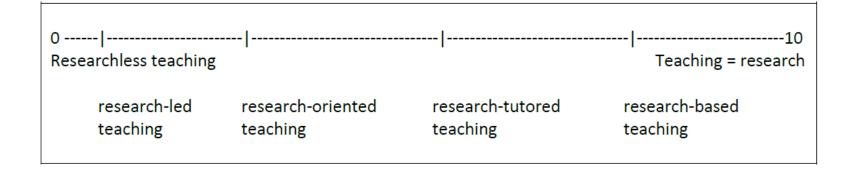
#### STUDENT AS PARTICIPANT



#### STUDENT AS AUDIENCE

Healey's (2005, Jenkins et. al 2007) adapted model of the research-teaching nexus (from Visser-Wijnveen et al. 2010).

# What is research-based teaching?



Dekker & Wolf (2016)'s scale of the research-teaching nexus.

# Why research-based teaching?

## Advantages for for students

- direct preparation for a research career, but also
- stimulate curiosity
- practice problem solving
- practice forward thinking
- gain independence
- gain experience

## Advantages for lecturers

- integrate research and teaching
- new insights about own research
- more interaction with students

# Why research-based teaching?

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- gain **independence** gain **experience**

Isn't this what university lecturers do all the time?

## Advantages for lecturers

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# Why research-based teaching?

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Isn't this what university lecturers do all the time?

## Advantages for lecturers

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**Unfortunately** not!

# Research-teaching nexus

**Teaching** and **research** are typically planned, performed and evaluated separately.

The connection between them, usually discussed in the literature under the rubric of the **research-teaching nexus**, receives little attention in the reality of most academic institutions (for a notable exception, and a rich collection of experiences and ideas, see Bastiaens, van Tilburg & van Merriënboer 2017).

Visser-Wijnveen (2009: 141): "academics' conceptions of the research-teaching nexus are related to their conceptions of teaching and **not to their conceptions of research and knowledge**".

## Why we don't do more research-based teaching?

- The results of first research-based courses may be viewed as unsatisfactory by the lecturer.
  - Course design turns out to be time consuming.
  - Teaching on own research turns out to be more challenging than originally assumed.

Still, as transpired from the survey we held within the preliminary needs analysis of our project, a bit over 50% of lecturers indicated that they integrate research into teaching, while around 75% indicated that they would be happy to follow dedicated training focusing on this.

## Filling the gap: Our guidelines and best practices





#### Research-based teaching: Guidelines and **Best Practices**

UPSKILLS Intellectual output 2.1

#### Compiled by:

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#### UPSKILLS: UPgrading the SKIlls of Linguistics and Language Students

Erasmus+ Programme

Key Action 2: Cooperation for Innovation and the Exchange of Good Practices Action KA203: Strategic Partnerships for Higher Education



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SKILLS

Research-based Teaching Guidelines

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# Guidelines for integrating research into teaching

## Featuring:

- Instructions for choosing/developing a course subject
- Detailed pick-and-choose list of research-related topics
- Detailed pick-and-choose list of research-related learning outcomes
- Making instructions for students
- Organising and supervising the work
- Evaluation and grading
- After the course

- Course description template
- Course Examples
  - Current trends in Phonology
  - Multilingualism
  - Deverbal nominalisation in West South Slavic

## Annexes

- The structure of a research report
- Assessment survey

# Integrating Research Infrastructures into Teaching

Iulianna van der Lek

The Case of CLARIN

# The Language Resource Life Cycle

## Data Sharing

- Repositories
- Catalogues
- Citation
- Legal Issue**s**

## **Data Archiving**

- Deposit LRs in a institutional or domain-specific FAIR repository
- Describe LRs using metadata standards
- IPR and legal issues for handling sensitive data; licenses

## Data Acquisition and Collection

- Research Infrastructures
- Repositories
- Data Catalogues
- IPR & Legal Issues
- Citation

### **Data Curation and Annotation**

- Standards and formats
- Annotation: (semi) automatic, manual

## **Linguistic Analysis and Research**

Querying metadata, LRs and their annotations

The Language

Resource Life Cycle

 Analysis & visualisation; combining data from different sources -> exchange standards

## A Guide and a Course for Teachers

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**Course:** Introduction to Language Data: Standards & Repositories

• 4-5 ECTS

**Unit 1:** Intro to Language Resources and Infrastructures for Language Resources and Technologies

**Unit 2:** Finding, accessing and using LRs

**Unit 3:** Tools for Linguistic Processing

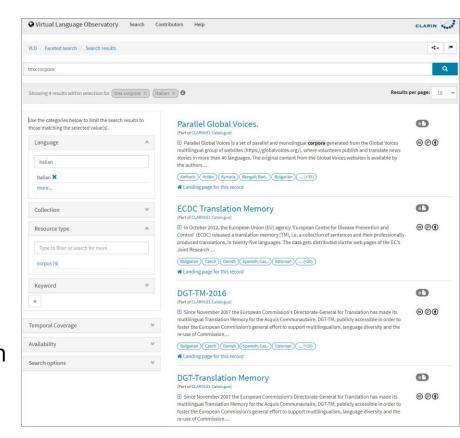
**Unit 4:** Archiving and Sharing LRs

**Available for Piloting in September 2022** 

## Finding Language Resources

## **CLARIN Virtual Language Observatory**

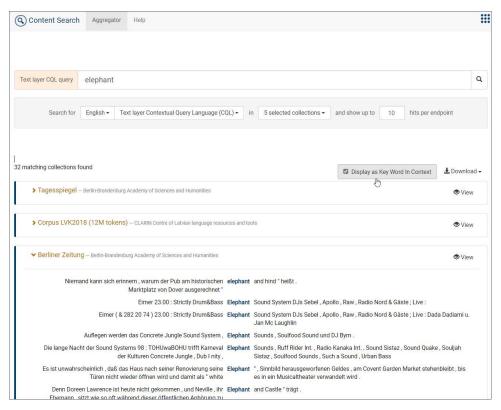
- Metadata search in the CLARIN
   language repositories across Europe
- Does not contain data, only refers to it using PIDs
- Useful as a first step to identify which language resources are available



# Finding Language Resources

## **Content Search**

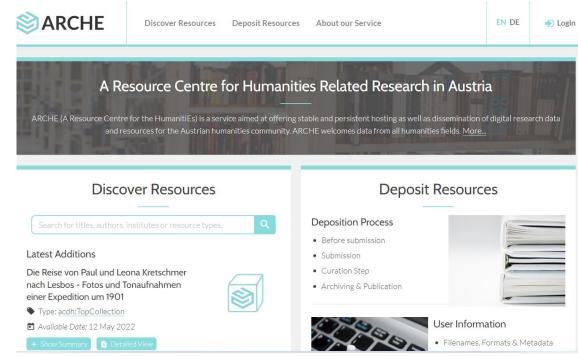
- To search for specific patterns across corpora at the same time
- The search results from a specific corpus can be downloaded in various formats and processed in other tools for further analysis
- Possible to retrieve the citation information
- Useful as a first step to discover where interesting lg resources are hosted



# Finding Language Resources

# Discipline-specific repositories

- Access to curated LRs
- Datasets can be cited via PIDs
- E.g. <u>CLARIN B-Centres</u>,
   <u>The Open Language</u>
   <u>Archive, Meta-Share</u>



https://arche.acdh.oeaw.ac.at/browser/

# Find and Query Large Collections of Corpora

## **CLARIN** Resource Families

- User-friendly overviews of well-curated corpora and tools
- Download or query with concordancers, e.g. <u>Korp</u>, <u>Corpuscle</u> and <u>KonText</u>

#### Corpora

- Computer-mediated communication corpora
- Corpora of academic texts
- Historical corpora
- L2 learner corpora
- Literary corpora
- Manually annotated corpora
- Multimodal corpora
- Newspaper corpora
- · Parallel corpora
- · Parliamentary corpora
- Reference corpora
- Spoken corpora

#### **Lexical Resources**

- Lexica
- Dictionaries
- Conceptual Resources
- Glossaries
- Wordlists

#### Tools

- Normalization
- · Named entity recognition
- Part-of-speech tagging and lemmatization
- Tools for sentiment analysis

# Find and Query Large Collections of Corpora

Croatian Twitter training corpus ReLDI-NormTagNER-hr 2.0

**Size:** 89,000 tokens

Annotation: tokenisation, sentence segmentation, word normalisation, morphosyntactic tagging, lemmatisation and Named Entity recognition

Licence: CC BY 4.0

Croatian This corpus contains
Tweets. The corpus is
morphosyntactically

morphosyntactically tagged following the MULTEXT-East Version 4

tagset.

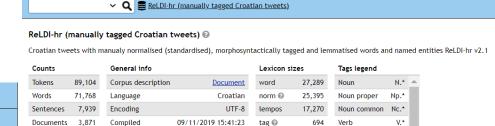
The corpus is available through the concordancers KonText and noSketchEngine and for download from the CLARIN.SI repository.

For the relevant publication, see Miličević and Ljubešić (2016)

Query the ReLDI corpus via NoSketch engine on CLARIN.SI



User guide 🗹



ud\_pos @

diff @

lc 🔞

ud feats @

lemma lc

Adjective

Pronoun

Adverb

Preposition

Conjunction

764

25,219

16,675

16,020

A.\*

R \*

S.\*

C.\* -

Description

Structures and attributes

Tagset

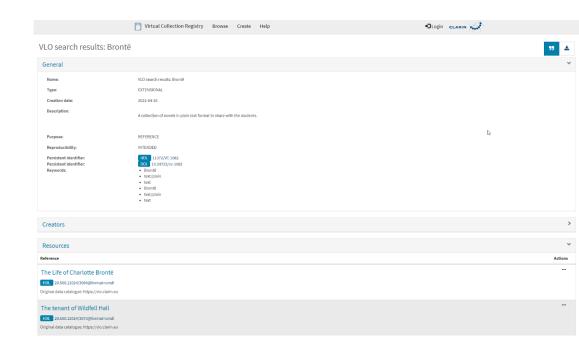
text 3,871 name 5,883

1/2

# Collecting and Citing Language Resources

## Virtual Collection Registry

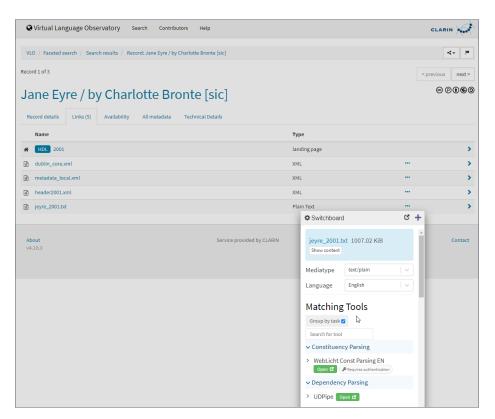
- Collect the datasets discovered in the VLO or other data catalogues into a Virtual Collection
- Share the collection with the others
- Cite the collection
- Process the collection with Switchboard tools



# Processing Text Collections

## The Language Resource Switchboard

- A service that allows you to find a matching tool to analyse plain text files
- Taggers, lemmatizers, named entity recognizers, chunking tools etc.



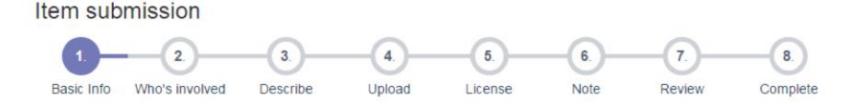
# Processing Text Collections

Example of morphological analysis in WebLicht



# Archiving Language Resources

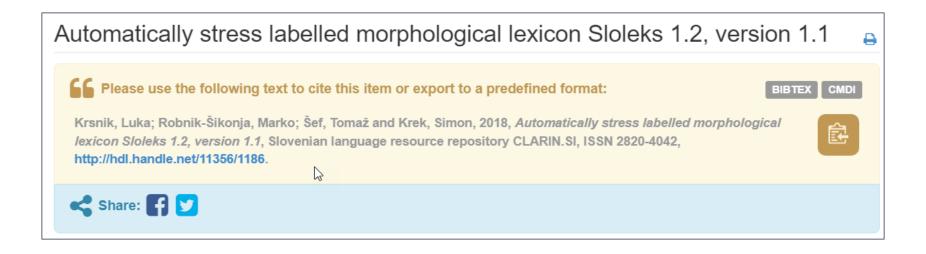
- Institutional repository
- Domain-specific repository
- Infrastructural repository: <u>Depositing Services | CLARIN ERIC</u>
- Support with data preparation, license selection, depositing process



Example of <u>data submission lifecycle in CLARIN.SI</u>

# Sharing Language Resources

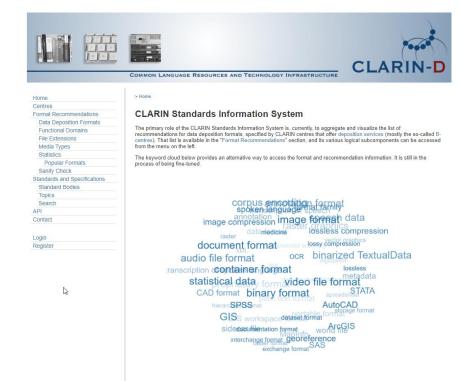
- Select appropriate licenses
- The repository assigns unique identifiers
- Others can cite the resources.



# Guidance on the Use of Standards and Formats

## <u>CLARIN Standards Information</u> <u>System</u>

- Data deposition formats
- Language-technology related standards



## Guidance on Licenses and Legal Issues in Data Reuse

On the CLARIN Legal Information Platform, you will find useful information about:

- Introduction to Copyright and Related Rights
- <u>Licensing Practice</u>
- Personal Data Protection

# Questions?

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